

# NTP Evaluation Concept

# Inflammation-based Atherosclerosis Associated with Environmental Exposures

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NTP Board of Scientific Counselors Meeting June 17 - 18, 2014



#### **Outline**

- Background and Rationale
  - Inflammation
  - Relevance to environmental health
  - Focus on a single inflammation-based health effect atherosclerosis
- Key Issues
- Specific Aims
- Proposed Approach
  - OHAT literature-based evaluation
  - Adverse outcome pathway
- Significance
- Questions

# NIEHS Strategic Plan Goal 1: Inflammation as a Fundamental Mechanism

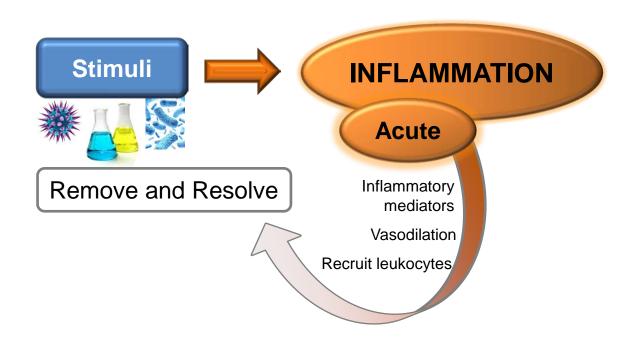
- Identify and understand fundamental shared mechanisms or common biological pathways, e.g., <u>inflammation</u> ... underlying a broad range of complex diseases, in order to enable the development of applicable prevention and intervention strategies
  - Understand key biological mechanisms in determining susceptibility to environmental stressors
  - Integrate high-throughput screening, cell systems, and model organisms, to identify fundamental mechanisms underlying responses to environmental toxicants



- Cross-Divisional Implementation Planning Committee on Inflammation
  - Need for review of the evidence that environmental exposure → inflammation → adverse health effects
  - Critical need for reliable biomarkers of inflammation

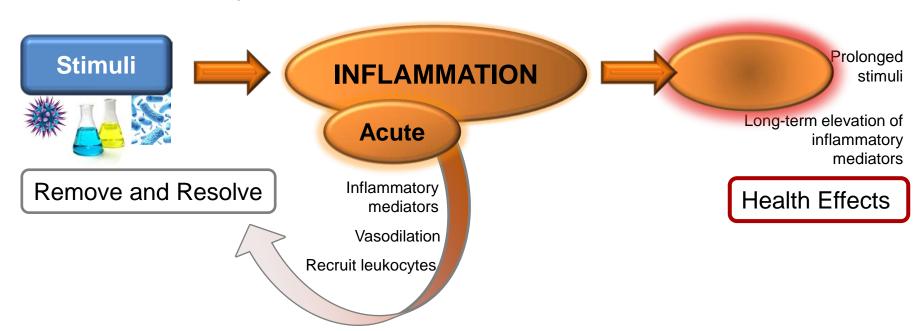
#### **Background: Inflammation**

- Localized protective reaction to stimuli (infection, physical or chemical injury) characterized by redness, swelling, fever
  - Acute: cellular response that is generally part of a healthy process



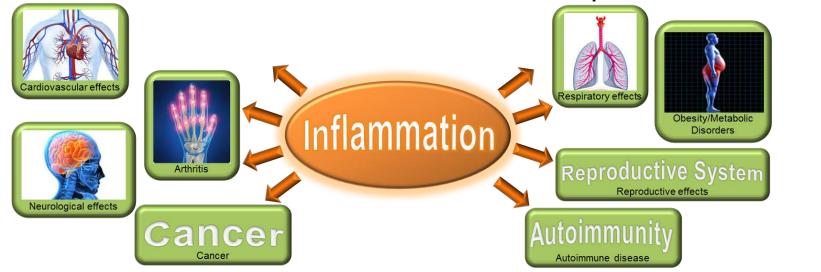
#### **Background: Inflammation**

- Localized protective reaction to stimuli (infection, physical or chemical injury) characterized by redness, swelling, fever
  - Acute: cellular response that is generally part of a healthy process
  - Chronic: may contribute to adverse health outcomes



#### Inflammation and Environmental Health

Chronic inflammation contributes to multiple health effects

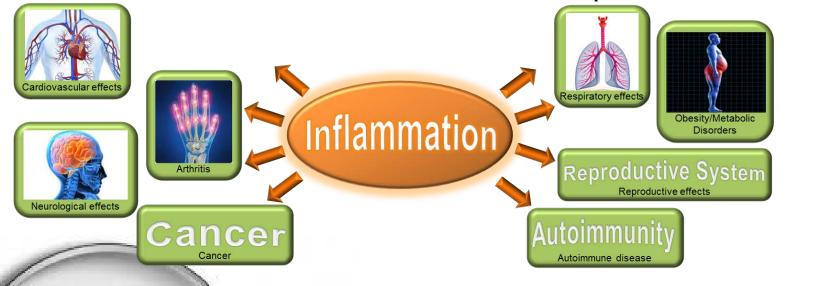


- Growing evidence of link to environmental exposures
- However, the extent to which environmental exposures ultimately lead to health effects through an inflammatory pathway remains unclear



#### Inflammation and Environmental Health

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#### **Proposed Focus**

- Restricting evaluation to a single health effect
  - Facilitate direct comparison of supporting or opposing evidence
  - Aid identification of specific indicators or markers of inflammation
  - Select health effect with manageable database

Scoping-level literature search using just MeSH terms			
Health Effects Categories	Rough Number of References	Inflammation and Effect	Effect and Exposure
Inflammation	966,000+		197,000+
Cardiovascular	2,665,000+	165,000+	415,000+
Vascular diseases	1,314,000+	68,400+	212,000+
Atherosclerosis	21,300+	4,550+	3,450+

Searches may double, triple, or more from this scoping vs. more comprehensive text word searches

#### **Proposed Focus**

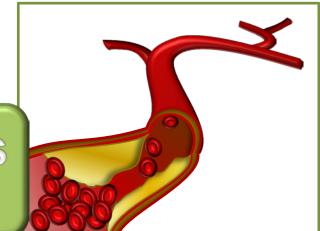
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#### Atherosclerosis

- Clear inflammatory mechanism
- Associated with range of environmental agents
- Significant public health impact
  - Underlying condition for ischemia, stroke, cardiovascular disease

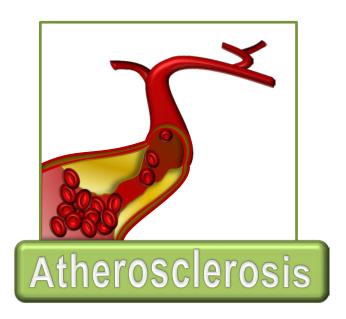
# Atherosclerosis

- plaques build up on artery walls
- leads to restricted blood flow



#### **Key Issues**

- Selecting inflammatory markers associated with atherosclerosis
- 2) Addressing the extent to which conclusions can be integrated across environmental agents



#### **Specific Aims**

- The overall objective is to evaluate the evidence that environmental substances contribute to inflammation that leads to atherosclerosis
  - To the extent possible, if data support the analyses, this would include:
    - Rating confidence in the body of evidence
    - Hazard identification and level-of-concern conclusions for specific substances

 An additional objective is to evaluate the evidence for specific biomarkers of environmentally-induced inflammation linked to atherosclerosis

# Proposed Approach: Complementary Methods for the Evaluation

- Literature-based evaluation
  - OHAT Approach to systematic review and evidence integration
  - Evaluate the evidence that environmental substances:
    - Are associated with inflammatory markers linked to atherosclerosis
    - Are associated with atherosclerosis
    - Contribute to inflammation that leads to atherosclerosis
  - Challenge to use systematic review methods to evaluate a pathway
- Adverse outcome pathway (AOP)
  - Develop an AOP for environmental influences on inflammationbased atherosclerosis
    - Examine the inflammatory pathway
    - Evaluate the evidence for specific biomarkers of environmentally-induced inflammation linked to atherosclerosis

## Proposed Approach: Literature-based Evaluation Conclusions Developed Stepwise

Assess individual substances with a sufficient literature

Step

Rate confidence in bodies of evidence by substance that environmentally-induced inflammation is associated with the development or exacerbation of atherosclerosis

Assess the aggregate data for included exposures

Step 1

Rate confidence in the overall body of evidence

# Proposed Approach: Literature-based Evaluation Conclusions Developed Stepwise

Is literature sufficient for substance?

Develop exposure-specific hazard identification conclusions

tep 2

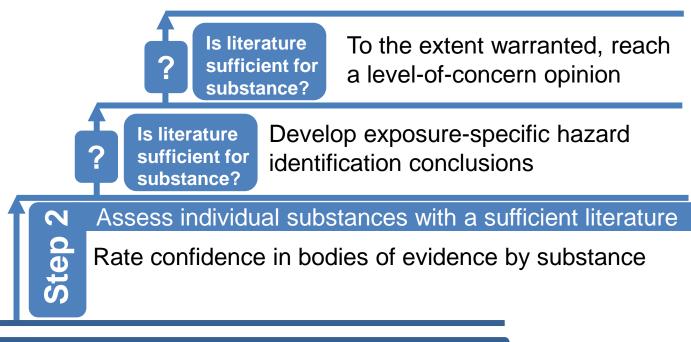
Assess individual substances with a sufficient literature

Rate confidence in bodies of evidence by substance

Assess the aggregate data for included exposures

Rate confidence in the overall body of evidence

# Proposed Approach: Literature-based Evaluation Conclusions Developed Stepwise



Step 1

Assess the aggregate data for included exposures

Rate confidence in the overall body of evidence

#### Key Questions for the Literature-based Evaluation

#### Key Questions (KQ):

What is our confidence in the body of evidence for the association between exposure to environmental substances and inflammation that may contribute to development or exacerbation of atherosclerosis?

KQ #1: human studies

KQ #2: <u>animal studies</u>





– KQ #3: other relevant data

How does the evidence from other relevant data (e.g., mechanistic or *in vitro* studies) support or refute the biological plausibility of the association between exposure to environmental substances and inflammation that may contribute to development or exacerbation of atherosclerosis?



#### **Analytical Framework**

#### **Health Effect Example Exposures Example Indicators** Indicators of Major environmental inflammation compounds linked to particulate matter atherosclerosis diesel exhaust particles C-reactive protein **POPs** chemokines metals KQ1a - human fibrinogen Established KQ2a - animal tobacco IFN-y role for KQ3a - other integrins inflammation NF-kB selectins Infectious agents TNF-α **CMV** Von Willebrand Chlamydia pneumonia factor Helicobacter pylori interleukins **HCV** (IL-1, IL-2, IL-6, IL-8) influenza A virus **Porphyromonas KQ1b** - human gingivalis **KQ2b** - animal Atherosclerosis KQ3b - other relevant data

Examine support for temporal sequence (i.e., exposure → inflammation → atherosclerosis)

#### Proposed Approach: Development of an AOP

- Use a pathway approach to address a health effect question in which the pathway is central to the evaluation
- The AOP will describe and evaluate the
  - Pathway of events from exposure to atherosclerosis
  - Evidence for each relationship between sequential events
- Evaluate evidence for specific biomarkers or groups of biomarkers
  - Focus on early events
  - Are there good biomarkers?
     Evaluate evidence that specific indicators of environmentally-induced inflammation are linked to atherosclerosis

# **Adverse Outcome Pathway**

Molecular initiating event



Intermediate events or predictive relationships spanning levels of biological organization

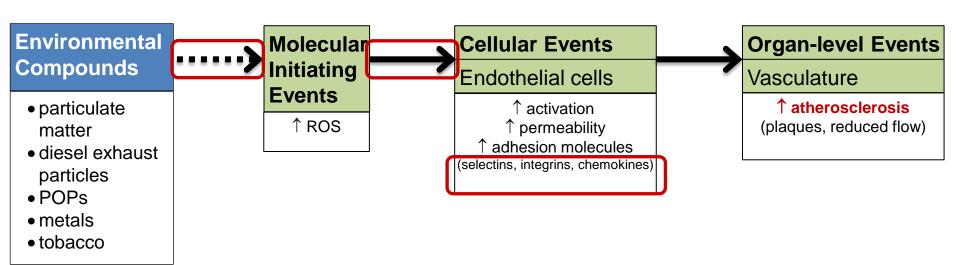


Adverse outcome relevant to assessment

#### Simplified Illustration of Features of an AOP

- Evaluation and clear documentation of the extent of the evidence linking sequential events
  - Example descriptors of the extent of the evidence
    - Plausible linkage with limited data

      Established linkage with quantitative data
- Biomarkers are likely to come from early events such as proteins released as part of cellular events



# Proposed Approach: Mechanisms to Further Develop and Refine the Evaluation

- Continue problem formulation
  - Develop and refine list of indicators (potential biomarkers) of inflammation linked to atherosclerosis
  - Refine list of endpoints that indicate atherosclerosis
  - Text mining tools to agnostically query the literature
  - Consult technical advisors with expertise on inflammation on cardiovascular health effects
    - NIEHS Cross-divisional committee on inflammation
    - Evaluation design team
    - Additional direct from federal agencies with expertise on inflammation and cardiovascular effects (e.g., National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute)
  - Post proposed search terms for public comment
  - Refined list of inflammatory indicators will form starting point for AOP

### **Significance**

- Inform the selection of biomarkers in future studies of environmentally-induced inflammation
- Evaluate the utility of an AOP to as part of a dual approach for assessing a literature-based environmental health question
- Lessons learned in evaluating the role of environmentallyinduced inflammation for atherosclerosis will inform the evaluation of inflammation on a wider range of health effects (e.g., cardiovascular effects in general)

#### **Acknowledgements**

#### Office of Health Assessment and Translation

- Abee Boyles
- Kembra Howdeshell
- Andrew Rooney, Deputy Director
- Katie Pelch
- Kyla Taylor
- Kristina Thayer, Director
- Vickie Walker

#### Evaluation Design Team

- Scott Auerbach (NIEHS/DNTP)
- Mike Devito (NIEHS/DNTP)
- June Dunnick ( NIEHS/DNTP)
- Michel Fessler (NIEHS/DIR)
- Dori Germolec (NIEHS/DNTP)
- Jerry Heindel (NIEHS/DERT)
- Stephanie Holmgren (NIEHS/LISB)
- Michel Humble (NIEHS/DERT)
- Nicole Kleinstreuer (NIEHS contractor)
- Srikanth Nadadur (NIEHS/DERT)
- Fred Miller (NIEHS/DIR)
- Greg Travlos (NIEHS/DIR)
- Urmila Kodavanti (EPA/NHEERL)

#### Cross-divisional Implementation Planning Group on Inflammation

#### Chair

Janice Allen

#### Coordinators

- Caroline Dilworth
- Mike Humble
- Fred Miller
- Srikanth Nadadur
- Andrew Rooney

#### Charge

- To review and comment on the draft OHAT concept and determine whether the evaluation is an appropriate use of NTP resources.
- An evaluation concept is a brief document outlining the rationale, significance, approach, and expected outcome of a proposed evaluation.

#### **Review Questions**

- Comment on the merit of the proposed evaluation relative to the mission and goals of the NTP. The NTP's stated goals are to: Provide information on potentially hazardous substances to all stakeholders; Develop and validate improved testing methods; Strengthen the science base in toxicology; Coordinate toxicology testing programs across DHHS (<a href="http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/test">http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/go/test</a>).
- 2) Comment on the clarity and validity of the rationale for the proposed evaluation as articulated in the NTP evaluation concept document.
  - Has the scope of the problem been adequately defined?
  - Have the relevant scientific issues been identified and clearly articulated?
  - Are you aware of other scientific issues that need to be considered?
- 3) Comment on the proposed approach for further developing and refining the evaluation.
- Rate the overall significance and public health impact of this evaluation as low, moderate, or high.
- 5) Provide any other comments you feel NTP staff should consider in developing this evaluation.